St Paul's Parish Hall Risk Register – Updated 6/6/24

Risk Description	Impact	Likelihood	Risk rating	Mitigating actions	Impact	Likelihood	Risk rating
	without	without	without		with	with	
There is a risk that	mitigation	mitigation	mitigation	Things we will do to reduce the risks are	mitigation	mitigation	
A child will fall off the stage	4	3	12	We encourage hall-bookers not to let children play on the stage.	4	2	8
				In PCC organised activities we will only let children onto the stage with adult supervision.			
Something catches fire in the kitchen	5	3	15	We have a smoke & heat detector in the kitchen to enable quick responses to a fire. We also have a fire extinguisher near the kitchen door.	3	3	9
				See request fire risk assessment for further fire related risks and mitigations.			
Someone gets locked in the hall when the hall is locked up	3	2	6	Although unlikely, someone could get locked in the parish office which we are renting out separately to the hall. There are windows which can be opened as exit points, and there is mobile phone signal	3	2	6
				to call for help.  The main hall entrance is a push-bar exit, so no one can get locked in.			
Fingers are caught in doors or windows, minor burns or minor falls	2	3	6	First Aid kit kept up to date in the kitchen.	1	3	3
Faulty electric appliances cause electrocution	5	4	20	Every three years equipment on site that is regularly used will be PAT tested. Every five years we will have the building's electrics tested.	5	1	5

Chairs or tables are stacked incorrectly leading to	3	4	12	Sign put up to limit stacks of chairs to 7.	3	2	6
collapse and injuries				Collapsible tables are flattened and			
				stacked vertically in their trollies, with a strap around them.			
Broken chairs or tables cause injury	3	4	12	Please report to the Hall Manager about any faulty furniture or electrical equipment.	3	2	6
				Any broken chairs or tables will be clearly labelled as such and stored in the Choir Vestry, so not to be used by either Parish Office or Hall users.			
Gas causes carbon monoxide poisoning, or explosion	5	3	15	Yearly gas boiler inspections undertaken.	5	1	5
In the parish office, someone will mess about with the light controls,	5	3	15	A 'Do not touch' sign is in place above the light controls.	5	2	10
resulting in electrocution			1000	A simple cabinet to be erected around the light controls with a key/lock.			

Bouncy castle use inside the	5	5	25	Mitigations:	4	3	12
hall causes risks including:				Hall users are required to ensure:			
Blocking fire exits, not being				Any bouncy castle must be positioned on			
anchored sufficiently, being				the left hand-side as you enter the hall,			
too crowded, not being				near the windows. It must be set back, so			
safely maintained by the				as not to block the main entrance doors to			
supplier.				the hall.			
				The bouncy castle must be anchored, and			
				hall users are to check this once it is in			
				position and fully inflated.			
				Hall users must limit the number of			
				children using the bouncy castle at any			
				one time: This means constant parental			
				supervision. The limit should be provided			
				by the bouncy castle provider.			
				The bouncy castle provider must provide			
				evidence of third-party liability insurance			
				to the hall user.			
				Ensure users can get on and off safely and			
				that there is safety matting at the			
				entrance in case of falls or ejections.			
				These mats should be no more than 2" in			
				depth.			
				Hall users are encouraged to read this			
				document:			
				https://www.ecclesiastical.com/documen			
				ts/bouncy-castles.pdf to guide them on			
				other risks.			

Bouncy castle use outside				If the bouncy castle is outside, all the			
the hall causes risks				above checks need to be in place.			
including:							
Blocking fire exits, not being				In addition, with respect to positioning			
anchored sufficiently, being				the bouncy castle, it should be beside the			
too crowded, not being				side of the hall, in order to ensure			
safely maintained by the				sufficient parental supervision (assuming			
supplier.				adults are mainly inside the hall). Be			
				aware of the slopes of the ground, as they			
				can be steep.			
				Be aware of winds – as high winds will			
				require additional anchorage.			
				Hall users are encouraged to read this			
				document:			
				https://www.ecclesiastical.com/documen			
				ts/bouncy-castles.pdf to guide them on			
				other risks.			
Slipping on the floor due to	3	3	9	We provide a rubber mat at the entrance	3	2	6
water or food spillage				to the hall to wipe wet feet on.			
				All hall-users must carry any large food			
				pans brought in from outside, round the			
				side of the hall (external) and use the side			
				entrance near the kitchen. This avoids			
				spillage on the hall floor.			

			Likelihood						
			Rare	Unlikely	Possible	Likely	Almost certain		
			1	2	3	4	5		
	Negligible – almost no								
	chance of anyone being	1	1	2	3	4	5		
	hurt								
	Minor – small, casual	2	2	4	6	8	10		
	injuries possible		2	7	0		10		
1	Medium – possible injuries,	3	3	6	9	12	15		
Impact	minor or medium		J	0	,	12	13		
	Major – serious injuries,	_							
	likely requiring 999	4	4	8	12	16	20		
	Severe – death or life-								
	limiting injuries requiring	5	5	10	15	20	25		
	999 or hospitalisation								

Green	Risk has been reduced to a level where injury is either impossible or very unlikely				
Yellow	Risk has been reduced to a level where injury is possible but not particularly likely				
Amber	njury is possible but unlikely to be serious				
Red	injury is likely and likely to be very dangerous/life-threatening				